



HERA Industry days Health Emergency Preparedness and Response Authority

2 & 3 June 2025, Brussels



Plenary panel

Future-proofing EU manufacturing: competitive and resilient supply chains for medical countermeasures



Future-proofing EU manufacturing: competitive and resilient supply chains for medical countermeasures



András KULJA Member of the European Parliament



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Emer COOKE Executive Director, EMA



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Future-proofing EU manufacturing: competitive and resilient supply chains

EMA activities

Emer Cooke Executive Director



EMA's extended mandate three years on: What has already been done (focus on supply chains)



Operational group Medicine Shortages SPOC Working Party

- Continuous monitoring of events and medicine shortages
- Mitigated and prevented critical shortages of antibiotics through a supply and demand exercise in preparation for winter of 2023/24
- Dialogue with companies
- Escalation of critical shortages to MSSG
- Monitoring of geopolitical situation
- Preparation of Critical Medicines Lists
- Addressing vulnerabilities in the production and supply of specific medicines



Executive group

Executive Steering Group on Shortages and Safety of medicinal products (MSSG)

- Activation of emergency measures for COVID & mpox
- Lists of critical medicines in public health crises (extensive monitoring)
- Approaches and recommendations to manage shortages, including regulatory flexibilities (e.g. labelling exemptions)
- Hearings with companies resulting in e.g. new sites in EU, increased production capacity
- Multistakeholder workshop (anti-obesity)
- Voluntary Solidarity mechanism
- Oversight of European Shortage Monitoring Platform (ESMP)









SOME SUCCESSES

Prevention and mitigation of medicine shortages in the EU

Voluntary Solidarity Mechanism (VSM) for Member States

- Activated seven times in 2024 for critical shortages of oncology products
- **Critical shortages**
 - MSSG recommendations to tackle shortages of GLP-1 RAs, thrombolytics, antibiotics, eye disease medicines

Ensuring security of supply for critical medicines

- Two versions of union list of critical medicines human medicines whose continued supply is considered a priority in the EU
- Recommendations for radiopharmaceutical and anti-D immunoglobulins
- Vulnerability Assessment methodology work in progress

European Shortages Monitoring Platform launched in Jan 2025

- Provides more information (shortages, supply and demand)
- Facilitates EU coordination for faster actions to prevent shortages

International cooperation

- Sharing information and best practices, seeking supplies
- 6 EMA activities

FUTURE

EMA's extended mandate three years on: What more can we do?

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Proposing solutions to ensure security of supply

- Transition from a reactive management approach to a proactive prevention strategy
- MSSG recommendations on structural measures to strengthen supply of critical medicines
- Further advancement of harmonisation initiatives (e.g. implementation of shortage definition)
- Vulnerability assessment methodology
- Shortage Prevention Plans

Further development of European Shortages Monitoring Platform

- Gap analysis with EVMS
- ESMP version 2 (e.g. VSM)

Continue enabling innovation in manufacturing

WHAT HAVE WE LEARNT?

What EMA cannot do – why we need Critical Medicines Act and HERA

Need for industrial policy solutions and other non-regulatory measures

- Improve EU manufacturing capacity for critical medicines
- More flexible and coordinated use of **procurement solutions** (public, collaborative, joint)
- More strategic international partnerships to diversify sourcing of critical medicines to increase the security of supply
- Safeguards related to national measures on security of supply, in particular **contingency stock requirements** avoiding the unintended consequences

EMA Extended Mandate

- Monitoring, preparedness and crisis management
- Improved coordination at EU level

Proposed pharmaceutical legislation

MONITORING AND MANAGEMENT:

Coordinated EU level monitoring and management of critical shortages at all times

PREVENTION:

Security of supply of medicines on the Union list of **critical medicines**, needed for health systems at all times

Supply chain **vulnerability assessment** of critical medicines informs:

MSSG Recommendations to address structural vulnerabilities

Certain provisions in Critical Medicines Act

Proposed Critical Medicines Act

- Complements the proposed pharma legislation
- Providing industrial policy solutions to address vulnerabilities and strengthen supply of medicines in the EU





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HERA Industry Days

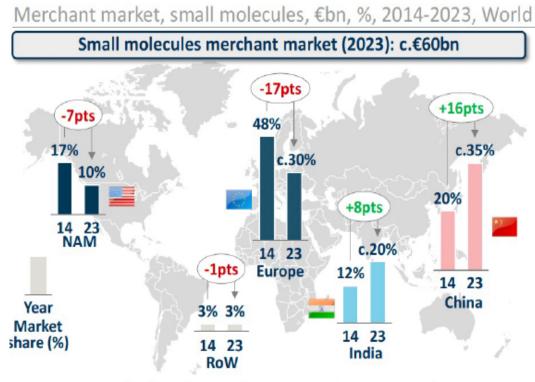
High-level Panel Discussion: Future-proofing EU manufacturing: competitive and resilient supply chains for medical countermeasures

2 June 2025, 9:50-11:15

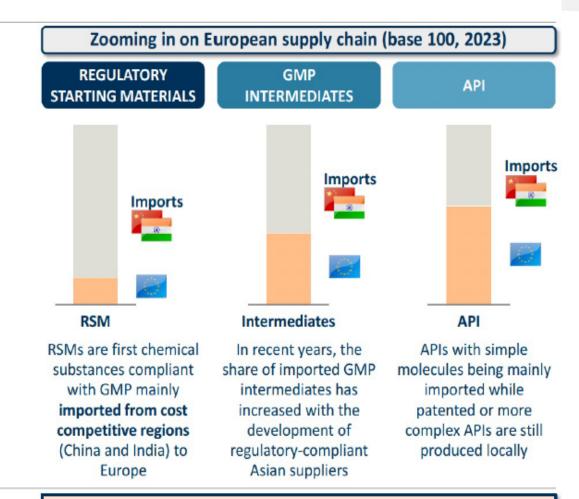
Elisabeth Stampa, Chair at Medichem SA and Vice President at Medicines for Europe



European market-share has decreased and dependency increased



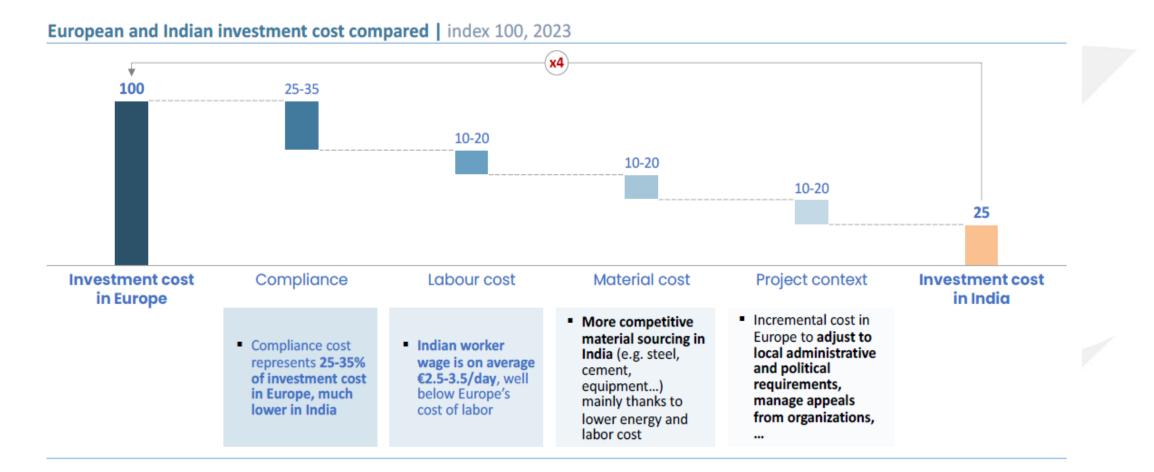
- Structural shift of small molecules API and related Intermediates production towards ASIA
- Production delocalisation enabled overall APIs cost reduction over the years but led to longer delay, risk of shutdown of production (noncompliance with regulatory standards after arbitrary inspection) and strong supply disruption (abrupt closure on government decision) players



>74% of the European medicines value chain depends on imports

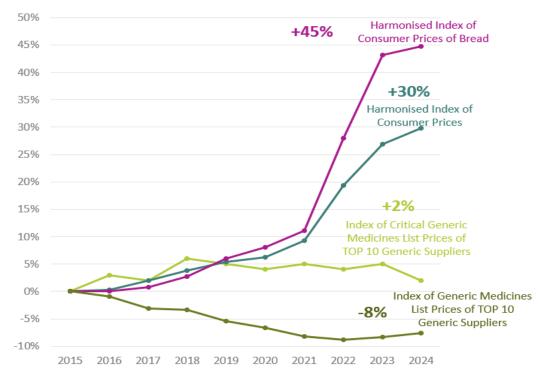


On average, investment in Europe is c.4x higher compared to India



Sources: Advancy analysis

medicines for europe better access, better health. Indexation of prices of generic medicines vs other goods

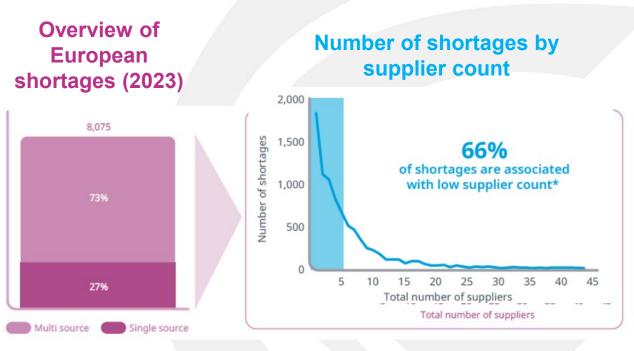


12 | TOP 10 generic suppliers provide 48% of the whole generic medicines volume

- Significant difference between off-patent medicines sector and other industrial sectors that operate in free pricing markets.
- Whereas industrial goods or commodity prices have increased between 30-45%, generic medicine prices have decreased over the last ten years.

Shortages of medicines are associated with a low supplier count

Multisource markets can mitigate the impact of shortages by redistributing volumes



Source: Beneath the Surface: Unravelling the True Value of Generic Medicines | April 2024; Derived from IQVIA Shortage Transparency Platform (based on NCA-reported shortages publicly available for all EU27 markets between January 2023 and January 2024. Low supplier count refers to instances where product is available via less than 5 suppliers in Europe

What can we do to?





Ensure predictable and sustainable market environments



Stop taxing off-patent disproportionality in clawback/payback schemes

Improve tenders design to meet objectives beyond securing lowest price (multi-winner, MEAT criteria)



At National level

Allow for inflation adjustments



Consider New pricing models for generics



Secure Supply through Better Pricing and Procurement (allow for better supply diversification)

Regulatory optimisation and digitalisation

Support investment to strengthen EU manufacturing and competitiveness (via CMA, Biotech Act, EU MFF)



Thank you!



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Thank you